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(Area Code '650'
for all numbers)

May 22, 2012

CA Department of Housing & Community Development
Division of Housing Policy Development
P.O. Box 952053
Sacramento, CA 94252-2053

**RE: City of San Mateo 2011 Housing Element
Housing Element Annual Progress Reports for 2011**

Enclosed is a copy of the 2012 Annual Housing Element Progress Report for the City of San Mateo. This report has been submitted to the San Mateo City Council as required.

Sincerely,

Sandra Council

Sandra Council
Neighborhood Improvement & Housing Manager

Cc: Governor's Office of Planning and Research

Enclosures

Housing Policy Department
Received on:

MAY 24 2012

ANNUAL ELEMENT PROGRESS REPORT Housing Element Implementation (CCR Title 25 §6202)

Jurisdiction City of San Mateo
Reporting Period 1-Jan-11 - 31-Dec-11

**Table A2
Annual Building Activity Report Summary - Units Rehabilitated, Preserved and Acquired pursuant
to GC Section 65583.1(c)(1)**

Please note: Units may only be credited to the table below when a jurisdiction has included a program. It is housing element to rehabilitate, preserve or acquire units to accommodate a portion of its RHNA which meet the specific criteria as outlined in GC Section 65583.1(c)(1)

| Activity Type | Affordability by Household Incomes | | | | (4) The Description should adequately document how each unit complies with subsection (c)(7) of Government Code Section 65583.1 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|---|
| | Extremely Low-Income* | Very Low-Income | Low-Income | TOTAL UNITS | |
| (1) Rehabilitation Activity | | | | 0 | |
| (2) Preservation of Units At-Risk | | | | 0 | |
| (3) Acquisition of Units | | | | 0 | |
| (3) Total Units by Income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

* Note: This field is voluntary

**Table A3
Annual building Activity Report Summary for Above Moderate-Income Units
(not including those units reported on Table A)**

| No. of Units Permitted for Moderate | 1. Single Family | 2. 2 - 4 Units | 3. 5+ Units | 4. Second Unit | 5. Mobile Homes | 6. Total | 7. Number of Infill units* |
|---|------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------|
| | 0 | | | | | | 0 |
| No. of Units Permitted for Above Moderate | 4 | 4 | 0 | | | 8 | 8 |

* Note: This field is voluntary

ANNUAL ELEMENT PROGRESS REPORT

Housing Element Implementation

(CCR Title 25 §6202)

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Table C
 Program Implementation Status

| Program Description (By Housing Element Program Names) | | Describe progress of all programs including local efforts to remove governmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement, and development of housing as identified in the housing element. | | Timeframe in H.E. | Lead Dept. | Status of Program Implementation |
|--|---|--|----------|--|--------------------|---|
| H 1.1: Residential Protection. | | | | | | |
| Protect established single-family and multi-family residential areas by the following actions: | | | | | | |
| 1 | Consider policy during the Special Use Permit process with respect to the intrusion of incompatible uses. | | | | | The City has adopted zoning code amendments which limit the over concentration of non-residential uses in residential zoning districts while at the same time allowing for provision of Special Use Permit request to provide for case by case review of facilities which meet identified community needs. |
| 2 | Consider policy during the Special Use Permit process with respect to the overconcentration of non-residential uses. | | | | | Case by case evaluation of the impact of non-residential land uses has occurred with all Special Use Permits. |
| 3 | Consider policy during the Site Plan and Architectural Review process with respect to assuring adequate buffers. | Ongoing | Planning | | | Adequate buffers between residential and non residential uses are reviewed during the initial plan check. Zoning Code provisions require quantitative setbacks and buffers to ensure that both the residential and non residential uses are protected. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prevent the intrusion of incompatible uses not indicated in the Land Use Element as allowed in residential districts; Avoid the overconcentration on individual blocks of non-residential uses defined by the Land Use Element as being "potentially compatible" in residential areas; Assure that adequate buffers are provided between residential and non-residential uses to provide design compatibility, protect privacy, and protect residences from impacts such as noise and traffic; and Review development proposals for conformance to the City's multi-family design guidelines for sites located in areas that contain substantial numbers of single-family homes to achieve projects more in keeping with the design character of single-family dwellings. | | | | | | |
| H 1.2: Single-Family Preservation | | | | | | |
| Preserve existing single-family neighborhoods through the following actions: | | | | | | |
| 1 | Consider potential impacts on intact single family neighborhoods during the review of land use changes and special use permits for proposed development other than single family dwellings. | | | | | Single Family Design Guidelines and Zoning Code include privacy guidelines and restrictions that protect against expanding the continuation of nonconforming walls into the side yard setbacks. |
| 2 | Consider additional buffering provisions such as landscape buffers, minimum fence heights, location of recreational facilities, underground garage exhausts, etc. during the design review process. | Ongoing | Planning | | | In multifamily zoned properties that abut single family zones, there are increased setbacks and buffers to ensure that the impact to single family neighborhoods are reduced. Additional buffering above and beyond the quantitative requirements outlined in the Zoning Code is considered during the design review process. A standard condition of approval is imposed on all development to insure that these types of utilities do not adversely affect the surrounding community. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain intact single-family neighborhoods as shown on the Land Use Map; and Require on-site buffering in the design of new multi-family developments that abut single-family districts to assure privacy and reduce noise impacts. | | | | | | |
| H 1.3: Housing Rehabilitation. | | | | | | |
| Continue funding for housing rehabilitation projects as a high priority with CDBG and/or other funds. | | | | | | |
| | 50 Rehabilitated units (owner occupied, low/moderate-income residences; rental units in low-income neighborhoods) | 2014 | Housing | 2009: Rehabs = 6 2010: Rehabs = 9 2011: Rehabs = 6 | Total to date: 21 | |
| | 125 Minor Home Repairs & Free Paint (owner occupied low income households) | 2014 | Housing | 2009: Minor Home Repair = 66 2010: Minor Home Repair = 76 2011: Minor Home Repair = 15 | Total to date: 157 | |

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| H 1.4: Code Enforcement | Continue and increase code enforcement efforts in residential areas to improve neighborhood appearance and conformance with health and safety standards. | 1 Continue code enforcement efforts and provide staff as needed to improve residential areas. Continue use of administrative citations and fees, civil penalties, and civil and criminal litigation to bring about compliance. | 2 Continue to offer rehabilitation loans and repair grants to low-income households as listed in Program H 1.3. 3 Continue proactive code enforcement program in North Central, North Shoreview and other CDBG-eligible areas. 4 Continue the Apartment Inspection Program to assure safe and sanitary living conditions for residential tenants. | Ongoing | Code Enforcement | The City continues its enforcement efforts and provides staff to improve residential areas through abatement, administrative citations and fees, civil penalties, and civil litigation to bring about compliance. The City also uses court ordered inspection and abatement warrants to enter, inspect and clean up hoarders and residential junkyards that present immediate health and safety violations. More recently, code enforcement efforts have included identifying mortgage holders on the growing number of foreclosed properties in order to enforce property maintenance. The City continues to provide rehabilitation loans and repairs grants to low-income households. Proactive code enforcement program in North Central, North Shoreview and other CDBG-eligible areas continues. This includes meeting with or attending neighborhood/homeowner associations, conducting increased surveillance in target neighborhoods. The City's Fire Department conducts apartment inspection on ongoing basis to assure safe and sanitary living conditions for residential tenants. |
|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------|--|---|
| H 1.5: Building Bulk | Limit the sizes of new and expanded single-family dwellings and duplexes, retaining neighborhood scale and character. | Through plan check review of single-family dwellings and duplex buildings, ensure compliance with both the single family and duplex regulations and design guidelines that control the bulk of and height of buildings. | Ongoing | Planning | Plan checking of single-family dwellings is ongoing. Second story additions to single family dwellings and new single-family dwellings require design review. The adopted Single Family Design guidelines help to control the bulk and height of second story additions and new single family dwellings. In 2004, Duplex Design Guidelines were adopted by the City Council. These guidelines help to protect against the over-sized additions and new construction in R-2 zoning districts. | |
| H 1.6: Variances and Lot Divisions | Consider existing neighborhood character in terms of dwelling size, height, setbacks and lot size and configuration in reviewing variances and lot division proposals. | Consider during variance and subdivision review. | Ongoing | Planning | Existing neighborhood character continues to be considered in the review of all variance and lot split applications. Property and building characteristics of properties in the vicinity of any variance or lot split application become the basis of findings and recommendations for these types of applications. | |
| H 1.7: Retention of Existing Lower-Income Units | Seek to retain existing subsidized very low-, low- and moderate-income housing units, especially those that will be available for conversion to market rate housing. Retention of such units should have high priority for available funds. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Monitor affordable projects at risk of conversion to market rate. Maintain regular communication with the owners of all subsidized projects in San Mateo to keep up-to-date on their plans to maintain affordability. Assist in outreach and education to tenants as needed. 2 Monitor Federal actions and appropriations regarding extension of Section 8 contracts, and actively support additional appropriations. 3 Respond to Notices of Intent to Prepay. Give high priority to retaining existing FHA and HUD subsidized low-income units through use of CDBG funds, Redevelopment Housing Set-Aside funds, and other solutions. 4 Continue to support the County Housing Authority housing rental subsidies to lease units in San Mateo for very-low and low-income households. | Ongoing | Housing | <p>Section 8 contracts are managed by the County and continued communications with the County Housing Authority and Department of Housing allow for ongoing opportunities.</p> <p>Continued communications with the County Housing Authority and Department of Housing allow for ongoing opportunities.</p> <p>2009: There were no 'at risk' properties. 2010: There were no 'at risk' properties. 2011: There were no 'at risk' properties.</p> | |
| H 1.8: Condominium Conversion | Continue to implement tenant notification, purchase opportunities, long-term leases, and relocation assistance provisions of the subdivision code. | Continue the existing policy of protecting existing residents by offering purchase opportunities, long-term leases and relocation assistance. | Ongoing | Planning | 2009: No condominium conversions occurred. 2010: No condominium conversions occurred. 2011: No condominium conversions occurred. | |
| H 1.9: Demolitions | Continue implementation of demolition ordinance. Implement code enforcement programs described in Program H 1.4. | Prohibit demolition of existing residences until a building permit for new construction has been issued, unless health and safety problems exist. Prevent housing stock from becoming health and safety problems through code enforcement efforts. | Ongoing | Building & Code Enforcement | Demolition ordinance will continue to be implemented. | |

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H 2.2: Jobs/Housing Balance

Maintain an overall balance of housing and employment within the community over the term of the Plan.

Monitor housing production against new job creation.

Ongoing

Planning

The City continues to work toward addressing the jobs-housing balance. The jobs housing ratio is based upon number of jobs per employed resident and is considered balanced the closer the ratio is to 1.00. ABAG projects that, based on the growth of jobs in the City, the jobs-per-employed-resident ratio will continue to rest around 1.00 through 2020.

H 2.3: Public Funding of Low- and Moderate-Income Housing

Give funding for new low- and moderate-income housing priority for use of HOME, Redevelopment Housing Set-Aside, and other available funds, with the highest priority of public funds for extremely low and very low income family housing.

Assisted Unit Goals:
 • 61 Extremely Low Income Units
 • 126 Very Low Income Units

Complete 53 units by July 2010

Commit funds for 54 new units by June 2010

Housing

2009: Construction began on Peninsula Station, a 68 unit, 100% affordable apartment complex. 2010: Peninsula Station was completed and fully occupied by October 2010. 49% of the units are restricted to households up to 60% AMI. Upon initial occupancy, in addition to the onsite property manager, the units were rented to households with the following income levels: Extremely Low = 21; Very Low = 32; Low = 14. Claremont Townhomes project of 18 units was finalized in Nov 2010 and there are 2 BMR units for sale.

Site identified for 45 units by July 2013

Housing

2009: Developer selected for 2000 S. Delaware project; began development agreement negotiations.
 2010: Planning application submitted; DDA negotiations ongoing; approvals to run concurrent with PA environmental review and approval.
 2011: DDA and Planning Application approvals by City Council in May, 2011. Includes \$1.2 million construction assistance from City/RDA/Successor Agency for 10 extremely low, 49 very low and 60 moderate income family rental units.

Site identified for 35 units by July 2014

Housing

The Below Market Rate (BMR) Inclusionary program requires 10% of any new residential project that has 11 or more units to be affordable.

H 2.4: Private Development of Affordable Housing

Encourage the provision of affordable housing by the private sector through:

- Requiring that a percentage of the units, in specified residential projects be affordable.

1 Maintain an inclusionary housing ordinance to implement Policy H 2.4

Ongoing

Housing

COMPLETE: Revisions to the Inclusionary program were recommended after a technical advisory committee study and subsequently adopted by the City Council in 2008. The requirement will be increased to 15% and begin implementation on January 1, 2010. The new program also provides for fractional fees for projects sized 5-10 units, and for fractional BMR units not constructed onsite. It also allows some flexibility on BMR units size and bedroom mix.

2 Evaluate and study the impacts on development costs to housing by increasing the inclusionary housing production requirements.

2009

Housing

The Housing and Land Use report contains a recommendation to implement a commercial linkage program and this item was discussed at a study session in May 2008. There was both strong opposition and support for this proposal at that time, therefore the City Council has not yet acted on this recommendation.

3 Develop, hold public hearings on, and if possible, adopt a commercial/housing linkage program, based on empirical data applicable to the City of San Mateo.

2012

Housing

Revisions to the density bonus program were adopted by ordinance and as part of the Zoning Code in January 2009.

4 Develop a density bonus program consistent with State law.

2009

Planning

2009: 18 units above the base density were completed.
 2010: No density bonus units were completed in this report period.
 2011: No density bonus units were completed in this report period.

5 Provide information to developers on density bonus provisions for affordable housing. Give processing priority to applications which include substantial proportions of affordable housing.

Ongoing

Planning

With project proposal and discussion prior to and during the planning application process, information is available to developers regarding all incentive options related to density in housing development.

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H 2.5: Distribution of Low- and Moderate-Income Housing.

Attempt to distribute low- and moderate-income housing developments throughout the City. Encourage the mixing of market-rate and low/moderate-income units where feasible.

Consider during review of applications for funding of affordable housing projects.

Ongoing

Housing

The City's current Below Market Rate program ensures that affordable housing is developed throughout the City rather than in specific areas since it is applied on all new housing projects that contain 11 or more units. Also staff tries to avoid concentration of new affordable housing in any given neighborhood.

H 2.6: Rental Housing

Encourage development of rental housing for households unable to afford ownership housing.

Consider during review of applications for multi-family housing.

Ongoing

Planning

The decision to develop rental vs. for-sale units in multifamily projects varies with the market. Some developers don't decide whether to sell or rent their units until the units are under construction and the market is evaluated at that time.

H 2.7: Secondary Units.

Allow creation of secondary units on residentially zoned properties to provide opportunities for affordable rental units or to allow for the housing of extended families.

Through plan check review of secondary unit applications, ensure compliance with regulations, architectural standards, and design guidelines that promote design compatibility with the principle residence and the neighborhood, provide required parking on-site, and minimize privacy impacts on adjoining properties.

Ongoing

Planning

Secondary Units are permitted as of right within residential zoning districts. Each application for a second story secondary unit is reviewed for consistency to the Single Family Design Guidelines and the Zoning Code.

H 2.8: Single Room Occupancy.

Provide for the development of single room occupancy (SRO) units to provide small affordable units in areas close to transportation services.

Adopt a Single Room Occupancy ordinance to allow the development of new SRO projects.

2012

Planning

The City does not have a Single Room Occupancy ordinance. There were no applications for SRO developments during this reporting period. An SRO ordinance will be developed in conjunction with any request for development of an SRO project.

H 2.9: Multifamily Location

Provide for the development of multi-family housing to create a diversity of available housing types as follows:

1 Maintain multi-family zoning on specified sites consistent with the Land Use Map or Land Use Element policies.

1

The locations designated in this policy have been designated as multi-family residential on the Land Use Map and have been reclassified to a multi-family zoning designation. The City has maintained existing land zoned for multi-family use. Multi-family projects have been developed on the Bay Meadows practice track. Additional multi-family development is planned/approved for portions of the Bay Meadows race track.

2 Consider during review of Reclassification applications for multi-family districts.

Ongoing

Planning

Any future requests for reclassifications to multi-family will be evaluated under the criteria listed in section 2 of this policy as part of the development review process for a specific project.

Permit reclassification to multi-family zoning of other properties that meet the following criteria:

a) Have adequate size to allow for a self-contained housing development and include adequate on-site parking and usable open space.

b) Have good access to arterial streets and transit nodes.

c) Maintain a reasonable buffer to single-family districts.

d) development at compatible and appropriate densities or are zoned for commercial use.

H 2.10: Housing Densities

Maintain a density range, with densities at the higher end of the range to be considered based on provision of public benefits such as affordable housing, increased open space, public recreational facilities, off-site infrastructure improvements, or location adjacent or near (generally within a half-mile walking distance) transit nodes. (Note: Related

Consider policy during the development review process.

Ongoing

Planning

Regulations to provide for greater density upon provision of public benefits and comprehensive multi-family guidelines have not yet been developed. Both the Measure H (1991) and Measure P (2004) voter initiatives established density ranges in the City. Since 2001, residential development has averaged 77% of the maximum permitted density, and over 80% since 2006. Project specific amenities are analyzed on a case by case basis during the public review process.

Ensure that inappropriate densities are not permitted for lots of less than one-half acre.

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H 2.11 Senior Project Location.

Permit senior housing projects on multi-family or non-residentially zoned properties within walking distance of services and transit routes. Continue to provide allowances for density bonuses for senior projects.

Consider during review of reclassification applications to the Senior Citizen Overlay district and Residential Care Facility Special Use Permits.

Ongoing

Planning

The City allows Senior Projects within multi-family and commercially zoned properties. The City continues to promote the development of senior housing through its use of the Senior Citizen Overlay District.

H 2.12: Mixed Use.

Continue the policy of encouraging residential uses in existing commercial areas, or in locating adjacent or near transit nodes, where the residences can be buffered from noise and safety concerns and can provide adequate on-site parking and usable open space. Provide floor area and/or height bonuses for residential development in selected areas of the City.

1 Permit the construction of housing or mixed-use projects in commercial areas. Encourage mixed use in specific area plans, the El Camino Real Master Plan, and the San Mateo Rail Corridor Transit-Oriented Development Plan. Consider designation in future plans for 42 Avenue.

Ongoing

Planning

Construction of mixed use buildings are permitted in all commercial zoning districts. Applicants developing in specific areas such as the El Camino Real Master Plan and San Mateo Corridor Plan areas are encouraged to develop mixed-use buildings.

2 Publicize the advantages of constructing housing or mixed-use projects in commercial areas. Publicize the ability to locate residences in commercial areas.

Ongoing

Planning

Individual meetings with applicants and comments made by the Planning Commission during public hearings have publicized the desirability of mixed-use development. In addition, the El Camino Real Master Plan and Land Use Transportation Corridor Phase 1 Plan both include provisions encouraging the development of mixed-use projects. Station Park Green (under review) Polo Court (under review) Sunnybrae Townhomes (under review) Hines Development (approved)

H 2.13: Transportation Oriented Development (TOD)

Encourage well-planned compact development with a range of land uses, including housing, commercial, recreation and open space, in proximity to train stations and other transit nodes. Encourage the maximization of housing density where possible

1 Encourage transit-oriented development in locations adjacent or near train stations and other transit nodes.

Ongoing

Planning

The San Mateo Rail Corridor Plan Transit-Oriented Development Plan was adopted by the City Council in 2005. This document and the subsequent specific plan and design guidelines have regulated development in the rezoned Transit Oriented Development (TOD) properties.

2 Ensure that development proposals conform to the Transit Oriented Development Ordinance and the San Mateo Rail Corridor Transportation Oriented Development Plan.

Ongoing

Planning

A TOD ordinance was adopted in 2005 with the associated Corridor Plan, as described above. 2010: Hines project at Hwy 92 & Delaware in the TOD was approved in Aug 2010. 2011: There were 2 TOD projects approved this reporting period. Station Park Green received final planning approval in Jan 2011 and the Ordinance approving the Station Park Green Development Agreement was approved in Feb 2011. The 2000 S. Delaware project was approved in May 2011.

Program H 2.14: The Homeless.

Continue existing support for organizations that seek to prevent homelessness. Assist Countywide efforts to address homelessness through participation in the HOPE Program. Although the HOPE program focuses efforts on providing permanent supportive housing rather than emergency shelters, the City must also comply with SB 2 which requires ensuring there are appropriate zones where emergency housing is located as a permitted use. Accordingly, transitional housing is currently permitted to be located in residential districts and commercial districts, while emergency shelters may be located in Regional/Community Commercial districts.

1 Continue existing support, where feasible, for programs and facilities seeking to prevent homelessness.

Ongoing

Planning

City provided continuous representation and participation on the County Continuum of Care focusing on programs for prevention of homelessness and services to homeless families & individuals. City actively participated in development of HOPE San Mateo County, the 10-year plan to end homelessness completed in 2006. The HOT Program (Housing Outreach Team) started as a first year pilot project in 2006 focused on developing a Housing First model for chronically homeless persons in Downtown San Mateo. 2010 was the first full year of operation and the 46 units of permanent supportive housing at The Vendome have had little turnover while continuing to house some of the most chronic formerly homeless individuals. Operations of The Vendome continued through 2011 with minimal tenant turnover. It has proven to be a pilot program that is being duplicated by other jurisdictions who are implementing HOT programs in their communities throughout the County.

2 Allow emergency shelters as a permitted use in Regional/Community Commercial land use categories consistent with the provisions of SB2, which requires emergency shelters as permitted uses without conditional use permits or other discretionary action. Emergency shelters shall be subject to the same development and management standards that apply to other allowed uses in the designated land use and zoning districts.

Ongoing

Planning

The City contributes a 'fair share' payment for operation of a regional emergency homeless shelter for individuals and provides grants to Shelter Network for operation of First Step for Families, a family focused emergency shelter program.

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| | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---|
| <p>H 2.15: Open Choice. Continue efforts towards the elimination of discrimination based on race, religion, sex, nationality, age or physical disability that prevent free choice in housing.</p> | <p>3 Amend the City's Zoning Ordinance to allow emergency shelters as permitted uses in the C2 and C3 zoning districts (Regional/Community Commercial land use categories).</p> | <p>2010</p> | <p>Zoning Code was amended in 2009 to allow emergency shelters in C2 and C3 Districts as a permitted use. Emergency shelters were also made a permitted use for religious institutions located in residential zoned areas.</p> |
| <p>H 2.15: Open Choice. Continue efforts towards the elimination of discrimination based on race, religion, sex, nationality, age or physical disability that prevent free choice in housing.</p> | <p>Continue implementation of the Fair Housing Resolution, affirmative marketing of city-subsidized housing projects, and provision of available funding for private nonprofit organizations that monitor and provide assistance to those experiencing discrimination in housing choice.</p> | <p>Ongoing</p> | <p>The City contracts with Project Sentinel to provide Fair Housing services, monitoring and investigation. All housing related projects or services funded by the City include affirmative marketing guidelines and are monitored on a regular basis.</p> |
| <p>H 2.16: Special Needs Groups. Continue existing support for programs that assist special needs groups (the elderly, large families, female heads of households, and the disabled).</p> | <p>1 Continue to support programs particularly designed to accommodate special needs groups. In the past, typical programs have included rehabilitation loans, minor home repair, purchase of land for new housing, Section 8 rental assistance, shared housing, and first- and last-months rent program.</p> | <p>Ongoing</p> | <p>2009: The City provided financial assistance to six programs that provided housing and/or related services to a variety of special needs populations. 2010: The City provided financial assistance to six programs that provided housing and/or related services to a variety of special needs populations. 2011: The City provided financial assistance to 7 nonprofit organizations that provided housing, rental assistance and/or housing related services to a variety of special needs populations.</p> |
| <p>H 2.16: Special Needs Groups. Continue existing support for programs that assist special needs groups (the elderly, large families, female heads of households, and the disabled).</p> | <p>2 Finalize the evaluation of governmental constraints to the development and rehabilitation of housing for people with disabilities. Develop strategies to eliminate identified constraints where appropriate. As part of this effort, codify a formal reasonable accommodations procedure as needed based on the findings of the evaluation.</p> | <p>2011</p> | <p>Planning</p> <p>The Reasonable Accommodation Policy has not yet been developed. It is on the department's workplan to be developed in 2012.</p> |
| <p>H 3.1: Sustainability Housing Development. Ensure that all existing and future housing, including both single family and multifamily housing, is developed in a sustainable manner.</p> | <p>Adopt a Green Building Ordinance to address sustainability in housing development.</p> | <p>2010</p> | <p>CDD</p> <p>COMPLETE: The Green Building Ordinance was adopted by the City Council on November 5, 2009 and implementation began on January 1, 2010.</p> |
| <p>Program H 4.1: Energy and Water Efficiency. Encourage energy and water efficiency in all existing residential units.</p> | <p>1 Pilot Program. Design pilot program to evaluate the condition of existing housing stock in order to implement a program to encourage energy and water efficiency retrofits utilizing the existing Housing Rehabilitation program and/or with other programs and incentives.</p> | <p>2010</p> | <p>Housing</p> <p>COMPLETE: 2009: As part of the pilot, a door to door energy efficiency survey was conducted in the North Shoreview neighborhood in March 2009 with over 40 volunteers and obtaining 115 responses. As incentive, there were 5 energy audits donated as a drawing for participating households. This marked the achievement of this goal.</p> |
| <p>Program H 4.1: Energy and Water Efficiency. Encourage energy and water efficiency in all existing residential units.</p> | <p>2 Citywide Efficiency Program. Design survey instrument to evaluate the condition of existing housing stock citywide and design a program to encourage the energy and water efficiency retrofits utilizing the existing Housing Rehabilitation program and/or with other programs and incentives.</p> | <p>2010</p> | <p>Housing</p> <p>2009: Developed a marketing plan to promote energy retrofits within existing City Home Repair programs. City signed letters of intent to participate in countywide programs to apply for State Energy Program Grants for energy retrofit program design and municipal bond funding for building retrofits. 2010: Home Energy House Call Program was designed and a request for proposals was issued to provide house calls to residents to review energy & water usage and install efficiency devices such as fluorescent light bulbs, low flow shower heads, etc. Program to be implemented in Summer 2011. 2011: Rising Sun Energy Center was able to provide 385 house calls to residents and hire and train 9 San Mateo youth to perform the house calls during summer 2011. This was accomplished utilizing their California Youth Energy Services program, whose participants far exceeded their original goal of 200 homes. 69% of the households served were low-moderate income.</p> |